

#### Public Health in Lewisham

Returning Public Health to its Civic Roots



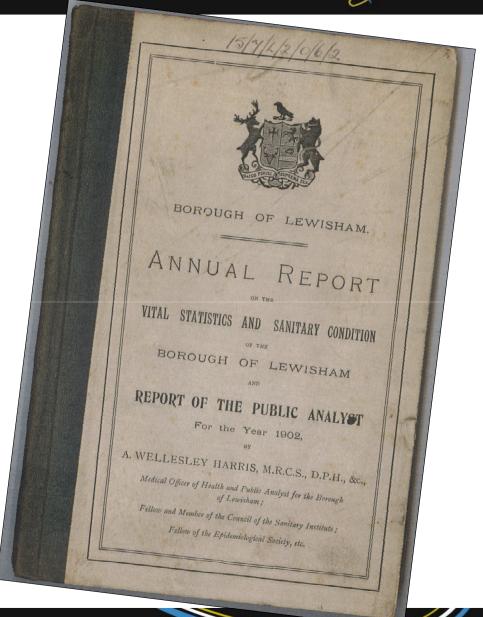
# The profession of public health began in local authorities



#### **Early 1900s**

 Infectious diseases major cause of death

• 23.5% all deaths under 1 year

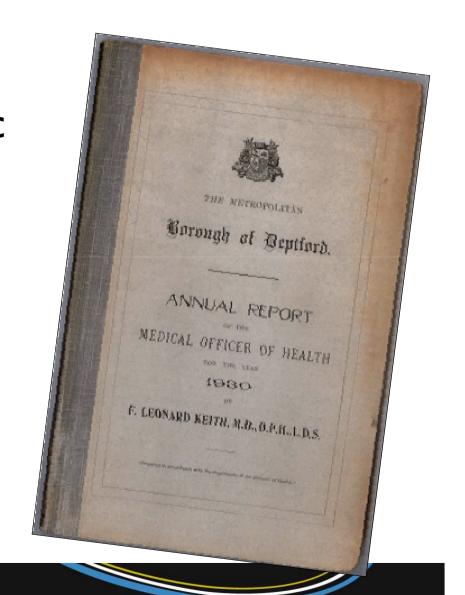




#### 1930s

#### Emergence of Chronic Non-infectious Disease

"The former preponderance of death from respiratory disease (largely due to the then high TB mortality) has given place to diseases of the heart and blood vessels. Heart disease has established itself firmly as the commonest single cause of death."

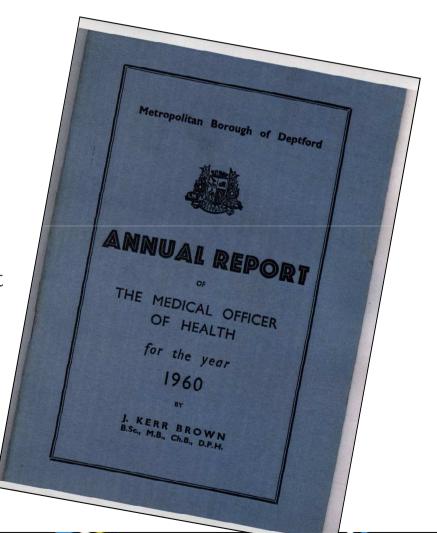




#### 1960 - 70s

### **Emerging Evidence for Lifestyle Risk Factors**

"Advice to stop smoking has now been given by such an influential body as the Royal College of Physicians, and so the gist of their advice is modestly repeated here: SAVE YOUR HEALTH, YOUR FAMILY, YOUR POCKET ... by giving up smoking. That is what it really amounts to."





In the last ten years there's been a re-focus by the public health service on health improvement, prevention, and tackling causes of ill health



**Choosing Health: Making Healthy Choices Easier** 





Now, 'Healthy Lives, healthy People' proposes radical change to public health funding, commissioning and provision in





#### Public Health in 2011

What are the key functions of Public Health?

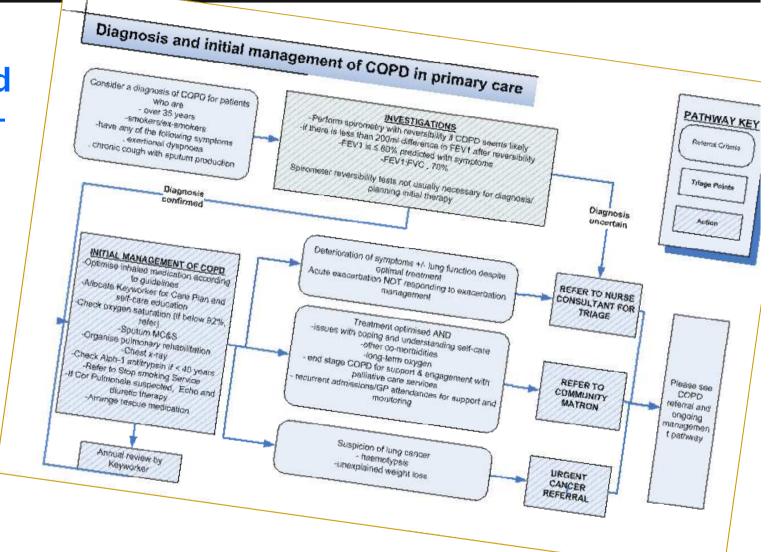
Improving the effectiveness and efficiency of health services

Protecting the health of the population

Acting as an agent of change for health improvement

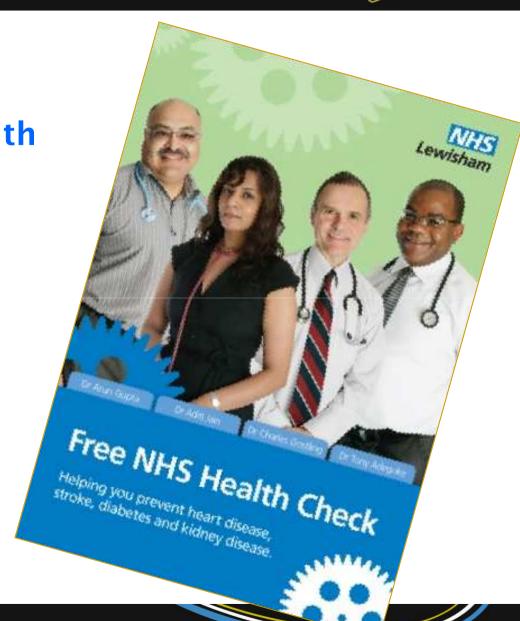


## System and service re-design





Commissioning health improvement interventions





Developing and implementing plans to change lifestyle and behaviour





**Empower** communities to improve their own health





**Commissioning and** delivering immunisation and vaccination programmes





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